THE Numb. 99.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Friday, June 16, to Friday, June, 23, 1738.

The following is an Extract of ſome remarkable Particulars in an original Letter from Conſtantinople, dated the 24th of December *laſt, that came by the Way of* Venice.

'THE Vizier Abdallah was ſcarce arriv'd here but he was depoſed, either on Account of the Miſcarriage of Oczakow, or for his having ſeized 6 Millions of Piaſters, which were found in his Coffers. He was baniſhed to Selonica, and the Kaimacan is preferred in his ſtead, who is a proud impetuous Man, without any military Experience, but interpriſing, and a Friend to the Baſhaw of Boſnia, whoſe Credit is ſtill very great. The new Vizier's Boldneſs, and the Fault he found with the Conduct of his Predeceſſor, have raiſed him to his Poſt; but he is ſo little beloved by the other Miniſters, that it may be foreſeen that his Heels will ſoon be tripp'd up. He affects to be zealous for continuing the War, but 'tis very well known after all, that he is as deſirous of Peace, as moſt of the other Miniſters are. He ſhews an uncommon Confidence in the Ambaſſador of France.

'The Baſhaw Bonneval, is return'd from the Army, and is to ſerve next Campaign along with Prince Ragotski, on the Side of Hungary; but he endeavours to ſhift off that Command, becauſe he had much rather ſerve in Boſnia, under the Baſhaw of that Province, who is his good Friend.

'Notwithſtanding what was juſt now ſaid of the Behaviour of the new Grand Vizier towards the Ambaſſador of France, it may be ſaid, that the Porte is jealous of all the Chriſtian Princes, and in particular of Spain. The Grand Vizier complains ſadly, that ſome Spaniſh Ships, with Venetian Colours, only releaſed the Crews of certain Turkiſh Ships which they took, without reſtoring the Cargo. The Baſhaws of Aſia are to have all their Troops ready to march by the firſt Moon in March. 'Tis given out here, that the Ambaſſador of the Porte has been well received at Iſpahan, and that he ſtays there for the Return of Kouli Kan from Candahar, to put the laſt Hand to the Treaty of Peace, and to engage him to take Arms againſt the Chriſtian Princes: But we have other Advices more to be depended on, which ſay, that Ambaſſador is no better than a Priſoner; that Kouli Kan does not think of ratifying what his Miniſter did here with Regard to Peace; that he is upon the beſt of Terms with Ruſſia, and that as ſoon as he has ſubdued the Rebels, it will be viſible, that he only pretended to enter into a Negociation with the Porte, only to gain Time for that Purpoſe.

'The Bailo of the Republick of Venice, having been at a late Audience of the Grand Vizier, to acquaint him that the Senate ſtill perſiſted in their Reſolution to live at Peace with the Porte, the Vizier declared, that he had certain Advices that the Republick would ſoon break with the Sublime Porte, and was for that End, making Preparations for War, both by Land and Sea, under various other Pretences. It ſignify'd nothing for the Bailo to repeat his Proteſtations, that his Maſters really intended to maintain a good Underſtanding with the Sublime Porte, and that any Advices to the contrary, could come from none but Perſons 'misinform'd or diſaffected, for the Vizier continued in 'his Prejudice, and even dropp'd ſome Words, inſinuating, that the Porte was not like to ſtay to be attacked 'firſt by the Venetians. Some Days after this, the Bailo ſent away an Expreſs in diſguiſe for Venice, to 'carry the News.'

The Emperor of Germany has approved of a Project, by virtue of which every Battalion is, for the future, to have a certain Number of Mules to carry the Soldiers Cartridges, the Cuſtom hitherto of carrying them in Carts being found to be inconvenient on ſundry Accounts, and particularly becauſe in an Engagement the Carts can't always keep up with the Troops. According to this ſame Project, every Company is to have a Number of Ruggs diſtributed, 2 or 3 to every Lodging Room, becauſe it has been obſerv'd that the cold Weather during the Nights in Hungary, is the Cauſe of the Diſtempers that are ſo common to the Armies of that Country.

General Suckow is ſet out for Belgrade, by Order of the Council of War at Vienna, to ſee the Sentence executed upon General Doxat, and the Officers concerned in the Surrender of Niſſa. In purſuance of this Sentence, the Commiſſion Officers of that Garriſon are broke with Infamy, the Captains without Infamy, and with Hopes of being re-eſtabliſhed; but they are all order'd to be preſent at the General's Execution. 'Tis remarkable, that the above-mention'd General Suckow had not been gone long, but he was followed by an Expreſs from the Council of War, who ſome think carries with him ſome Mitigation of their Sentence. The Charges of this Proceſs riſe to 20,000 Florins, and muſt be paid by the Criminals.

According to a Liſt that is publiſhed at Vienna of the Imperial Forces which are, for the moſt Part, to be employ'd this Year againſt the Turks, they conſiſt of 52 Regiments of Foot, amounting to 128,200 Men; of 13 Regiments of Cuiraſſiers, amounting to 19,466 Men; of 14 Regiments of Dragoons, amounting to 14,931 Men; and of 10 Regiments of Huſſars, amounting to 9400 Men; which in the Whole, makes 94 Regiments, and 172,004 Men.

According to an Account publiſhed at the Toll Office, where they pay the Duties upon Proviſions, there were conſumed laſt Year in Vienna, 25747 Foreign Beeves, and 1126 of the Country, 44 Cows, 51224 Calves, 43955 Sheep, 129687 Lambs, 13682 Porkers, 33033 Piggs, 21234 young wild Boars, 9759 Gallons of Foreign Wines, 423675 of Auſtrian Wines, 206546 of Beer.

Vienna, March 15. The opening the Campaign againſt the Turks being reſolved upon, it appears that the Emperor is determined to take into his Pay the Body of 20,000 Men, which the Court of Petersburg has offer'd him; Magazines are preparing for them in Tranſylvania, and likewiſe in the County of Zips, belonging to Prince Lubomirski, Palatine of Cracow; for which Purpoſe, 30,000 Quintals of Meal have been gathered up there. The Great Duke of Tuſcany has interceeded with the Emperor in Favour of Major General Doxat; but we are aſſur'd his Imperial Majeſty anſwer'd, *That he was very ſorry he could not grant his Requeſt; that his Hands were tied for Reaſons of the utmoſt Importance, and that he was obliged, on this Occaſion, to make an Example.* Nothing further has paſs'd in the Veldt-Marſhal Seckendorff's Affair; all that we hear is, that the Count has exhibited ſeveral Heads of Accuſation againſt

gainſt ſome other Generals, who, it is ſaid, are to be examined about them.

We have an Account by the laſt Poſt from Vienna, of a remarkable Duel tought in that City on Sunday the 10th of March, the Particulars of which are as follows:

Mont. Durand, who was formerly an Aid de Camp to Marſhal Villars in Italy, happened to win a conſiderable Sum of Money at Play of Captain Crimeri, an Officer in the Imperial Guards; the next Night meeting accidentally at the Opera, the Frenchman took upon him to condemn the Play and the Actors; Crimeri, who had not forgot the Loſs of his Money, defended both with extraordinary Warmth; his Adverſary replying with the ſame Vivacity, they both drew their Swords; but Count Schlick, a Member of the Royal Council of Bohemia, ſtept in and parted them. In the mean Time the Quarrel being made Publick, the Imperial Captain receiv'd Orders not to ſtir out of his Quarters, and the French Officer would have had the ſame Orders, if he had not been under the Protection of the Marquis of Mirepoix, the French Ambaſſador. Some Days after, Durand not being able to ſtifle his Reſentment, writ to Crimeri to meet him at ſuch a Place, ſuch an Hour; the latter, notwithſtanding his Orders, did not fail to come on Horſeback to the appointed Place, where Durand arrived ſhortly after, in a Poſt Chaiſe, to prevent Suſpicion. The Duel was fought with Piſtols: The Imperial Officer, out of Reſpect to Durand as a Stranger, ſuffer'd him to fire his Two Piſtols firſt, which having miſs'd him, he fired in his Turn, and mortally wounded his Enemy in the Breaſt. Durand perceiving himſelf wounded, drew his Sword, and clapping one Hand upon the Wound, ruſh'd upon the Imperial Officer, who little expected ſuch an Attack, and gave him a deſperate Thruſt over his Arm into his Belly. Durand died about Nine at Night, and Crimeri made his Eſcape into an adjoining Monaſtery; but 'tis thought his Wound is alſo mortal.

Hague, March 25, *N. S.* A Loan of a conſiderable Sum having been newly deſir'd by the Court of Saxony, the Credit of that Court in theſe Provinces is ſuch, that it was preſently fill'd.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, dated the 20*th of* Feb *O. S.*

'A French Captain who came from Baſtia Yeſterday at Noon is juſt arriv'd here, and reports, that about 8 o'Clock in the Forenoon, as the Marquis Pazinto de Paolis, Prime Miniſter and General of Baron Theodore, was going with a Pariſh Prieſt, and his moſt Chriſtian Majeſties ſafe Conduct, to the General the Count de Boiſſeux, to lay the Grievances of the Corſicans before him, and to acquaint him of their Reſolution to maintain their Engagements with Lord Theodore, they were attack'd juſt without the Walls of Baſtia, by an Out Guard of 100 Genoeſe, who fired upon them, kill'd the General de Paolis on the Spot, and mortally wounded the Parſon, who, however, made a Shift to get back to the Corſicans Camp. The Captain adds, that when the Count de Boiſſeux was inform'd of this Affair, he demanded Satisfaction, and then diſpatch'd an Expreſs to his Court.'

An Affair has happened in the Town of Baſtia, which makes a very great Noiſe, and is thus related at Leghorn, viz. 'An Officer of the French Troops having a Quarrel with Two Genoeſe Officers, the latter aſſaſſinated him, and then fled for Refuge, one to a Convent, and the other to a Church. They ſay, that the Count de Boiſſeux being inform'd of it, cauſed them both to be dragged out of their Sanctuaries and put to Death: They add, that the Marquis de Mari complains, that this Execution was perform'd without giving him any previous Notice of it.'

Edinburgh, March 7. Letters in Town give Account, that a valuable Ship belonging to the Daniſh Eaſt-India Company, was wreck'd on the Coaſt of Fetlar, one of the Iſlands of Zetland, about the middle of December laſt. Her Loading ſeems to have conſiſted in Silver, coined, and uncoined, and is judged to be worth 60,000 l. Sterling. There is already 45 Bars of Silver of about 80 lb. each, ſeveral other leſſer ones which have not the Number, and a great deal of coined Money, in all to the Value of 8000 l. Sterl. recovered by Capt. Irvine, and the Inhabitants, who have Hopes of gaining the reſt in the Summer, by diving Machines. By the Mate's Book, it appears, the Crew conſiſted of 150. The Seas run ſo high, that a great Number of the Men were toſſed upon the Cliffs of a very high Rock, ſome of whom had Life enough to crawl to the Summit of it, but ſoon after died, whole Carcaſes were eat up by the Ravens. One of the Crew was got with his Cloaths on, and his Pipe and Tobacco-box in his Hand. Much about the ſame Time a Ship from Arch-angel, laden with Tar and other Commodities of that Country, run the ſame Fate on the Coaſt of that Iſland; and not one of either of the Crews were ſaved.

Extract from the VOTES *of the Parliament of* Great-Britain.

March 3, 1738. A Petition of divers Merchants, Planters, and others, trading to, and intereſted in the Britiſh Plantations in America, on behalf of themſelves and many others, was preſented to the Houſe, and read; ſetting forth, That Application was made to this Houſe, in the Year 1728, againſt the many unjuſt Seizures and Depredations, that had, for ſeveral Years preceeding, been committed by the Spaniards, in America, upon His Majeſty's Subjects, whilſt they were carrying on their fair and lawful Trade in thoſe Parts; upon which Application, this Houſe came to a Reſolution, 'That from 'the Peace concluded at Utrecht, in the Year 1713, to 'this Time, the Britiſh Trade and Navigation, to and 'from the ſeveral Britiſh Colonies in America, has been 'greatly interrupted by the continual Depredations of the 'Spaniards, who have ſeized very valuable Effects, and 'unjuſtly taken and made Prizes of great Numbers of 'Britiſh Ships and Veſſels in thoſe Parts, to the great 'Loſs and Damage of the Subjects of this Kingdom, 'and in manifeſt Violation of the Treaties ſubſiſting be-'tween the Two Crowns;' and that this Houſe was pleaſed humbly to addreſs His Majeſty thereupon; and that the Spaniards continuing their Depredations on the Britiſh Subjects, and no Satisfaction having been obtained for thoſe before committed, a farther Application was made to this Houſe in the Year 1730, complaining of the great Interruptions given by the Spaniards to the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom, and their cruel Treatment of the Britiſh Subjects; and that this Houſe, having again taken this Matter into their Conſideration, and examined into the ſame with the utmoſt Deliberation, came to a Reſolution, that an humble Addreſs be preſented to His Majeſty, 'That He will be graciouſly 'pleaſed to continue His Endeavours to prevent the De-'predations of the Spaniards for the future; to procure 'full Satisfaction for the Damages already ſuſtained; and 'to ſecure to the Britiſh Subjects the full and uninter-'rupted Exerciſe of their Trade and Navigation, to and 'from the Britiſh Colonies in America,' which Addreſs was preſented to His Majeſty accordingly; and repreſenting to the Houſe, that the Spaniards have paid ſo little Regard to His Majeſty's moſt gracious Endeavours, that they have continued their Depredations almoſt ever ſince the Treaty of Seville, and more particularly laſt Year have carried them to a greater Height than ever; they having arbitrarily ſeized ſeveral Ships, with their Effects, belonging to His Majeſty's Subjects on the high Seas, in the deſtined Courſe of their Voyages to and from the Britiſh Colonies, amounting to a very conſiderable Value; and that the Captains or Maſters of ſome of the ſaid Ships were, according to the laſt Advices of the Petitioners, and are (as the Petioners believe) at this Time confin'd by the Spaniards in the Weſt-Indies, and the Crews are now in Slavery in Old Spain, where they are moſt inhumanly treated; and that, that cruel Nation make it their Practice to attack and board all Britiſh Merchant Ships they meet with in the American Seas, under pretence of ſearching for Goods, which they deem contraband or not, according to their own Will and Pleaſure, contrary to the Law of Nations, and in manifeſt Violation

ſation of the Tratie ſubſiſting between the Two Crowns, and that by theſe unjuſt and violent Proceedings of the Spaniards, the Trade and Navigation to and from America, is rendered very unſafe and precarious.

Another Petition to the ſame Purpoſe, was alſo preſented to the Houſe by ſundry Merchants and Traders of the City of Glaſgow.

A third Petition from the Merchants trading from Leverpoole to the Britiſh Plantations.

And a fourth Petition was alſo preſented by ſundry Merchants and Traders of the City of Briſtol, further ſetting forth the great Loſſes they have ſuſtained by the Spaniards in their Trade to America, humbly praying for Relief in the Premiſes. Which were referred to the Conſideration of the Committee of the whole Houſe.

A Petition of the Truſtees for ſettling the Colony of Georgia, was read in the Houſe, ſetting forth the great Expences they have been at, in fortifying againſt the Attempts and Threats of the Spaniards againſt the Colony; praying for ſuch Aſſiſtance as the Houſe ſhall think fit.

Ordered, That the ſaid Petition be referred to the Conſideration of the Committee of the whole Houſe, to whom is referred the Conſideration of the Supply to be granted to his Majeſty.

London, *March* 16. The Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty have ordered, that all the Guard Ships in general, be forthwith Mann'd with their full Complement of Men.

Yeſterday a Duel was fought in Hyde Park by Two Perſons of Diſtinction.

We hear that a certain noble Duke, who for many Years has reſided in France and Spain, will ſpeedily return Home.

On Sunday Morning was married at St. Paul's Church, Mr. Ballard, Maſter of St. Paul's Coffee-Houſe, in St. Paul's Church-yard, to Miſs Edwin, an agreeable young Lady, and a Fortune of 10,000 l.

A few Days ſince a Drawer at a Tavern near the Royal Exchange, was married at Bedford to a young Lady, ſaid to be worth a Fortune of 10,000 l.

After the 30th of May, the Anniverſary of the Births of their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſſes Amelia, and Carolina, the Court Ladies will be permitted to alter their Mourning, for the late Queen, and to wear white Gloves, Fringes, &c.

Yeſterday the Right Rev. Dr. Gooch, Lord Biſhop of Briſtol, preach'd before his Majeſty at the Chapel Royal at St. James's.

Laſt Night the Committee of Weſt India Merchants met for the laſt Time, having attended for ſeveral Days paſt at the Ship behind the Royal Exchange, and receiv'd Informations of the Uſage of the Spaniards to the Britiſh Ships; and this Day the whole Body of Weſt India Merchants met at the ſaid Houſe, and proceeded to Weſtminſter, in order to make the Allegations of their Petition as full as poſſible, and to be heard by themſelves, the ſaid Petition being to be read in a Committee of the whole Houſe this Day.

Yeſterday was a full Houſe of Commons, the Houſe being to be called over; which was put off for a longer Time.

On Tueſday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordſhips were pleaſed to order the Dragon, a 60 Gun Ship, to be forthwith Mann'd with its full Complement.

William Cheſelden, Eſq; Surgeon to her late Majeſty, has reſign'd his Place of Surgeon to St. Thomas's Hoſpital. And,

We hear, Mr. Whiting, ſtands very fair to ſucceed him.

Cavendiſh Square is going to be fitted up in a very elegant Manner; a new Wall and Rails are to be erected all round, and the Statue of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, carved out of a Block of white Marble, is to be placed on a Pedeſtal in the Middle of the ſaid Square, at the Expence of the Earl of Oxford and Mortimer.

Yeſterday they began to meaſure the Ground in the Bowling Green, Southwark, where the Fair has of late Years been kept, in order to remove the Market from the High-Street thither; whereby the Borough will be laid beautifully open from the Bridge-Foot to St. Margaret's Hill. This Project, whether beneficial or not, has given much Uneaſineſs to the old Standers in the preſent Market.

London, *March* 18. On Thurſday the Weſt India Merchants attended the Houſe of Commons with their Petition, complaining of the Depredations of the Spaniards, and the Injuries they have ſuſtained in their Shipping and Merchandize, by their Veſſels being taken and plunder'd by the Spaniſh Guarda Coſta's; whereupon Reading whereof, ſeveral Merchants, Owners, and Commanders were called in and examined by the Houſe, as to the Allegations of their Petition; and after ſatisfactory Anſwers given to the Queſtions, and much Time ſpent therein, the Affair was adjourned 'til Thurſday next, for a further Hearing.

They beat up for Volunteers in the Sea Service in Chatham, Portſmouth, &c. as well as down the River, and the Sailors enter readily, upon a Suppoſition, as they ſay, *of having ſomething to do*.

March 20. A great Number of Sailors who had entered themſelves on board of India Men, the Greenland, and other Ships, that were bound for a long Voyage, have quitted their reſpective Ships, in Hopes that they ſhall be ſoon employed to go and redeem their Brother Sailors, who are now Captives at Cadiz, and other Ports of Spain.

We hear that ſix Men of War will be put into Commiſſion next Week.

London, *March* 21. We hear from Ware in Hertfordſhire, that a very odd Funeral was perform'd there laſt Friday, viz. an eminent Tradeſman of that Place having loſt by Death, a favourite Mare, which he had had for many Years; in Conſideration of her good Service, made a grand Burying for her, and invited near Three Hundred People to it; the Gentleman and his Lady going next the Body, as Chief Mourners, follow'd by the reſt of the Company, Two and Two; and about Four o'Clock the was inter'd in Hanſtare Field near that Town, with great Pomp: After which they returned to the Gentleman's Houſe, where he and his Lady treated them with Plumb Cake and ſtrong Beer, and expreſs'd a great Concern for the Loſs of ſo valuable a Creature.

This Day his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, and gave the Royal aſſent to the Mutiny Bill, and ſuch others as were ready for the Royal Aſſent.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Lord Lynn gave a grand Entertainment to the Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, and his new married Lady, and ſeveral other Perſons of Quality and Diſtinction.

The Right Hon. the Marquis of Lothian is appointed his Majeſty's High Commiſſioner to the General Aſſembly of the Church of Scotland, for the current Year.

His Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to grant to the moſt noble Catherine Dutcheſs of Buckingham, the Allom Works at Mulgrave in Yorkſhire, which devolv'd to the Crown on the Demiſe of the late Duke, which Eſtate had been in that noble Family about Two Hundred Years; and yeſterday her Grace paid her Fine into the Exchequer accordingly, being 12 000 l.

Yeſterday we had the melancholly News that a dreadful Storm happened on the 24th of February, on the Coaſt of Spain, by which 'tis ſaid 12 Ships at leaſt were loſt; only the following are known as yet, viz.

The Folkſtone Sloop, Capt. Wood, laden with Wheat from Dartmouth, for Seville; the Maſter and Crew were all Drowned.

The Anne, Scholar, of and from London, for Seville; the Captain and Mate drowned.

The Howell, Spiring, of and from Exon, for Seville; the Captain and one Man drowned.

The ------- Whitra, loſt near Rotta.

A Brigantine from Newry, in Ireland. And,

A large Spaniſh Ship from the Havanna, richly laden.

Capt. Redard got over the Bar of St. Lucar, and was ſafe; as did ſeveral other Ships bound for Cadiz and the Straits.

There

There has been the greateſt Drought ever known, for a long Time paſt, in that Country; and as ſoon as it began to rain, the Storm came on, and continued as violent, for a conſiderable Time, as has been known in the Memory of Man.

Charleſtown, South-Carolina, April 27.

On Tueſday a Ship built for the Hon. *Charles Wyndham*, Eſq; Capt. of his Majeſty's Ship the Roſe, was launch'd. She is the fineſt Ship that ever was built here, all her Timber being live Oak, and her Planks Mahogony; ſhe was named the Duke of Cumberland.

Philadelphia, June 1. This Morning arrived in Capt. *Arthur*, from *Antigua*, the Honourable Col. *George Thomas*, our Governor, with his Lady and Family, and was received with the univerſal Acclamations of the People, accompanied by a General Diſcharge of Cannon from the Hill, and the Ships in the Harbour.

Williamsburg, June 23. On Sunday laſt was Se'ennight, died *Charles Brown*, M. D. after having labour'd, for near three Years, under a ling'ring, conſumptive Diſorder. In his Converſation and all Parts of Civil Life, he acted like a Gentleman; in the Practice of his Profeſſion, he was a Man of Learning, Probity, and Honour; under the Afflictions and Pains of his laſt Sickneſs, he was juſtly admired and applauded by all about him, for the Bravery and truly Chriſtian Spirit, with which he expected his approaching Diſſolution. So that it is not to be wonder'd, if thoſe, who were more intimately acquainted with his Merit, are greatly concerned at the Loſs of a Perſon, who might have been ſo uſeful and ornamental to this Colony.

We hear from *North-Carolina*, That the Rev. Mr. *Boyd*, a Miſſionary there, from the Society for Propagating the Goſpel in Foreign Parts, died lately, at the Plantation of the late Col. *Millikin*.

The Ship *Succeſs*, Capt *Ignatius Simms*, in the Employ of Mr. *Philpots*, Merchant of *London*, bound to *Potomack*, receiv'd ſo much Damage between the *Weſtern* Iſlands and the Coaſt of *Portugal*, that they bore away for *Antigua* to repair; and coming from thence, was attacked and taken by a *Spaniſh* Guard de Coaſt, within a Day or Two's Sail of *Antigua*. The *Spaniards* took Two of the Men belonging to the *Succeſs*, and the reſt, being 18 in Number, were turn'd adrift in their Long-boat, which, however, happily carryed them ſafe into *Antigua*; from whence Capt. *Simms* got a Paſſage in Col. *Lee's* Brigantine to *Potomack*, and gives this Account. The *Succeſs* was richly laden; and Mr. *Humphry Bell*, of *London*, had a large Cargo on board, conſign'd to Mr. *Parnham*, in *Maryland*, from whence the Miſtake aroſe, of the Ship's belonging to Mr. *Bell*, as mention'd in our laſt Gazette.

The Ship *Humphry*, Capt. *Lane*, is fallen down the River, to *York*, in order to clear out and ſail for *London*, in a Day or Two. The Ship *Maynard*, Capt. *Reynolds*, will alſo ſail thence, for *London*, in a few Days.

The Ship *Betty*, Capt. *Dunlap*, from *Glaſgow*, is arriv'd at *Hampton*. He ſpoke with a Ship from *Liverpool*, that ſail'd 3 Weeks after them, who reported that they were Preſſing Seamen in ſeveral of the Ports in *England*, and that they had even preſs'd Men from on board the Merchants Ships outward bound; which would not be done without ſome extraordinary Occaſion.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON Tueſday *the* 14*th of* October *next, the Library of the late Dr.* Charles Brown, *will be expoſed to Sale, at Mr.* Kerr's *Houſe in the City of* Williamsburg; *containing a very valuable Collection of Books, eſpecially in all the Branches of* Natural Philoſophy, *and* Phyſick. *As this is the fineſt and moſt copious Collection that ever was expoſed to Sale in this Colony, and as it may, in all Probability, be many Years before there will be ſuch another, it is not to be doubted, but that the Gentlemen of the Faculty will embrace this Opportunity of furniſhing themſelves with the beſt Writers in their Way, at reaſonable Rates.*

THAT one James Newlands, *who, about Five or Six Years ago, went over from* Glaſgow *to ſome one of His Majeſty's Plantations, in the Station of an indented Servant, has lately ſucceeded to a Fortune of ſome conſiderable Value: And as his Friends ſince that Time, have had no Account of him, it is hereby deſir'd, if he is alive, that he ſignify ſo much to* Alexander Newlands, *Skinner in* Edinburgh; *and if dead, that ſome one or other to whom he was known, would communicate the ſame to the ſaid* Alexander Newlands; *and alſo to adviſe whether he left Iſſue, or died unmarried, ſo as his Friends, in either Caſe, may conduct themſelves in the Diſpoſal of his Fortune according to Juſtice.*

At his leaving Scotland, *he was about Thirty Five Years of Age, a Man of low Stature, and had Two Nails on his Right Thumb.*

N. B. *Let the Advice be addreſs'd to the Care of* Richard *and* Alexander Oſwald, *Merchants in* Glaſgow; *or to Mr.* Patrick Cheap, *Merchant, in* Middleſex *County,* Virginia.

To be Sold,

A Tract of valuable choice Land, in New-Kent *County, within Eight Miles of* Williamsburg, *containing* 500 *Acres, near* 30 *Acres of it very good firm Marſh, adjoining to* Skimino *Creek, and a very good Landing with a Wharf, within a Mile of the Dwelling-Houſe. The Land hath theſe following Improvements, viz. a large Dwelling-Houſe with Brick Walls and Chimneys, another Dwelling-Houſe Twenty by Sixteen, with a Brick Cellar and Chimney, with ſeveral other Out-Houſes, as Tobacco Houſes, Kitchen, Quarter, &c. and a large Cheeſe-Apple Orchard, containing upwards of* 100 *bearing Trees; with ſeveral other choice Fruit Trees. Any Perſon inclinable to Purchaſe the ſame, may have it for Sixty Pounds* Sterling *per Hundred, or Seventy Two Pounds Current Money; and the Subſcriber will agree to take Pay for* 150 *Acres ready Money, and the Remainder at Seven equal Paiments, allowing a Year between each Paiment; or if any Perſon will give* 250 l. Sterling, *or* 300 l. *Currency, they may have it, paying one Half ready Money, and the Remainder at Twelve Months Credit.* George Keeling.

N. B. *It is a handſome Situation, and very convenient for a Merchant.*

RAN *away from Capt.* McCarty's *Plantation, on* Pope's *Creek, in* Weſtmoreland *County, a Servant Man belonging to me the Subſcriber, in* Prince William *County; his Chriſtian Name is* John, *but Sirname forgot, is pretty tall, a Bricklayer by Trade, and is a* Kentiſhman; *he came into* Patowmack, *in the* Forward, *Capt.* Major, *laſt Year; is ſuppoſ'd to have the Figure of our Saviour mark'd with Gunpowder on one of his Arms. He went away about the* 20*th of* April *laſt, in Company with three other Servants,* viz. Richard Martin, *is a middle ſiz'd Man, freſh colour'd, about* 22 *Years of Age, and is a Sailor; had on a blew Jacket.* Richard Kibble, *is a middle ſiz'd young Fellow, has ſeveral Marks made with Gunpowder on his Arms, but particularly one on his Breaſt, being the Figures of a Woman and a Cherry-Tree, and is a Carpenter by Trade; he wore a blew grey Coat with a large Cape, a Snuff-colour'd Cloth Waſtecoat, and Buckskin Breeches.* Edward Ormsby, *is a ſmall thin Fellow, of a ſwarthy Complexion, and is a Taylor by Trade; has a Heſitation or Stammering in his Speech, and being an* Iriſhman, *has a good deal of the Brogue. They went away from Capt.* Aylett's *Landing, on* Patowmack, *in a ſmall Boat, and are ſuppoſ'd to be gone towards the* Eaſtern-ſhore, *or* North-Carolina. *Whoever will ſecure the ſaid Bricklayer, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, beſides what the Law allows, paid by* Auguſtine Waſhington.

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